

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Isophorone Diisocyanate (IPDI)

Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name: Isophorone Diisocyanate (IPDI)

CAS-No.: 4098-71-9 EC / List No.: 223-861-6

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against.

Identified uses: Laboratory chemicals, manufacture of substances

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: East Harbour Group Ltd

Miranda House, The Quay Harwich, Essex, CO12 3HH

United Kingdom

Tel: +44 (0) 333 242 0100

Email: info@eastharbourgroup.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency tel: +44 (0) 333 242 0100 (U.K office hours only)

Section 2: Hazardous identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Acute Tox. 1 (Inhalation)

Skin Irritation. 2

Eye Irritation. 2

Resp. Sens. 1

Skin Sens. 1

STOT SE 3

Aquatic Chronic 2

H330

H331

H334

H337

H337

H337



2.2. Label elements

Signal Word: DANGER Hazard Statements:

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 – May cause an allergic skin reaction

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H330 - Fatal if inhaled

H334 – May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

H335 – May cause respiratory irritation

H411 – Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effect

Precautionary Statements:

P260 – Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, spray, vapours

P280 – Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face shield

P285 – In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection

P273 - Avoid release to the environment

P304+P340 – IF INHALED: remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

P309+P311 – IF exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P305=P351+P338 – IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P302+P350 – IF ON SKIN: Gently wash with plenty of soap and water

P403+P233 – Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

2.3. Other hazards

Combustible liquid. Reacts on contact with water releasing carbon dioxide (CO2). Hazardous reactions may occur on contact with certain chemicals.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Mixtures

| CAS# | Content (W/W) | Ingredients |
|-----------|---------------|---|
| 4098-71-9 | >99.5% | 3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, isophorone di-isocyanate |

Chemical name: Isophorone Diisocyanate (IPDI)

Common name / synonyms: Isophorone Diisocyanate; 3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate,

isophorone di-isocyanate



Section 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact: Wash with soapy water. Wash off immediately and plentifully with water for at least 20 minutes. If case of redness or irritation, call a doctor, If possible show him this sheet. Failing this, show him the packaging or label.

In case of eye contact: Rinse immediately and thoroughly, pulling the eyelids well away from the eye (15 minutes minimum). Get immediate medical advice/attention. If possible show him this sheet. Failing this show him the packaging or label.

If swallowed: Never attempt to induce vomiting. Give nothing to drink. Rinse mouth out with water.

If inhaled: Move the affected person away from the contaminated area. Make the person rest. Get immediate medical advice/attention. If possible show him this sheet. Failing this, show him the packaging or label. General: Use appropriate protective equipment when treating a contaminated person. Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Place contaminated clothing in a sealed bag for disposal. Remove breathing equipment only after contaminated clothing has been completely removed. Artifical respiration and/or oxygen if necessary.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Injuries after inhalation: Delayed fatal pulmonary oedema possible.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No information available

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Fire Fighting Media and Instructions:

Suitable extinguishing media: Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide. Polyvalent powders.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Water

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard: Combustible liquid

Reactivity in case of fire: During combustion toxic vapours are released

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protection during firefighting: Self contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing Other information: Keep upwind. Evacuate the personnel away from the fumes. In case of significant fire close by: Cool down the containers/equipment exposed to heat with a water spray. Ensure that there is no direct contact between the water and the product. Do not breathe fumes. Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.



Section 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe vapours. Keep upwind. Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

Protective Equipment: Equip clean up crew with proper protection. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Impermeable protective equipment.

Emergency Procedures: Mark out the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorised personnel. Keep people at a distance and stay on the windward side.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not discharge into drains or the environment. Dam up the liquid spill.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Do not spray water into packaging which has been damaged or overturned. Pump up the product into a suitably labelled spare container. Recover the cleaning water for later disposal. In case of large spillages, take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Wash contaminated area with large amounts of water. Small Spillages: Slaked lime.

Section 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ensure good ventilation of the workstation. Closed system. Prevent moisture contact. Avoid the formation of mists in the atmosphere. Avoid any direct contact with the product. Comply with instructions for use. Never add water to this product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions: The floor of the depot should be impermeable and designed to form a water-tight basin. Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container. Store in a well-ventilated position. Keep/Store away from incompatible materials.

Special Rules on Packaging: Keep only in original container. Watertight packaging. Storage in stainless steel containers. Under inert gas.

Packaging Materials: Stainless steel. Coated steels.

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

| 3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, isophorone di-isocyanate (409-71-9) | | | | |
|--|--------------------|------------|--|--|
| EU | IOELV TWA (mg/m3) | 0.09.mg/m3 | | |
| EU | IOELV TWA (ppm) | 0.01 ppm | | |
| EU | IOELV STEL (mg/m3) | 0.18 mg/m3 | | |
| EU | IOELV STEL (ppm) | 0.02 ppm | | |
| United Kingdom | WEL TWA (mg/m3) | 0.02 mg/m3 | | |



| United Kingdom | WEL STEL (mg/m3) | 0.07 mg/m3 | | | |
|---|--|------------|--|--|--|
| DNEL/DMEL (Workers) | | | | | |
| Acute – local effects, inhalation | 0.0453 mg/m3 | | | | |
| Long-term – local effects, | 0.0453 mg/m3 | | | | |
| inhalation | | | | | |
| PNEC (Water) | | | | | |
| PNEC aqua (freshwater) | 60 ug/l (Daphnia magna) | | | | |
| PNEC aqua (marine water) | 60 ug/l (Daphnia magna) | | | | |
| PNEC aqua (intermittent, | 40 ug/l (Chaetogammarus marinus) | | | | |
| freshwater) | | | | | |
| PNEC (Sediment) | | | | | |
| PNEC sediment (freshwater) 218.9 mg/kg dwt equilibrium portioning | | ning | | | |
| PNEC sediment (marine water) | 21.89 mg/kg dwt (equilibrium partitioning) | | | | |
| PNEC (Soil) | | | | | |
| PNEC soil 44.01 mg/kg dwt (equilibrium partitioning) | | tioning) | | | |
| PNEC (STP) | | | | | |
| PNEC sewage treatment plant 10.6 mg/l (OECD 209) | | | | | |

8.2. Exposure controls and personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection: Tightly sealed goggles

Skin protection: Wear suitable protective clothing. Materials for protective clothing: Protective clothing (with elasticated cuffs and closed neck). Boots made of PVC.

Body protection: Wear protective gloves. PVC gloves. Protective gloves must be chosen according to the function of the workstation: other chemicals may be handled, physical protection necessary (resistance to cutting, puncture, heat), dexterity required. The selection of gloves must take into account the extent and duration of use at the workstation.

Respiratory Protection: In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection

Consumer Exposure Controls: Extraction to remove vapours at their source. Used in closed systems. Ensure good ventilation of the workstation. Atmospheric monitoring at regular intervals. Specific medical surveillance. Safety shower. Eye fountain. Do not drink, eat or smoke in the workplace. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Immediately remove contaminated or damp clothing. Emergency equipment and first-aid box with instructions readily available. Store protective clothing separately. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Colourless to slightly yellow

Physical State Liquid
Odor Pungent

Odor Threshold No information available PH No information available



Melting Point/Range= -60 CBoiling Point/Range310 CFlash Point150 C

Evaporation Rate

Flammability (solid, gas)

Explosion Limits

Vapor Pressure

Vapor Density

No information available
Product is not explosive
0.000635 hPa (20 C)
No information available

Density 1.06 g/cm3 (20 C)

Solubility Soluble in aromatic hydrocarbons. Soluble in chlorinated hydrocarbons.

Completely soluble in ketonic solvents or esters. Reacts with water

Partition CoefficientNo information availableAuto-ignition temperatureNo information availableDecomposition temperatureNo information available

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable at room temperature

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts with: Acids, alcohols, amines, bases, water, aqueous solution, protic solvents, with a great release of CO2, and hence a risk of a pressure build up in confined areas and forms an insoluble solid precipitate.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Container can be pressurised by carbon dioxide due to reaction with humid air and/or water

10.5. Incompatible materials

No information available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

On combustion or on thermal decomposition (pyrolsis) releases: Toxic gases. Carbon oxides (CO, CO2)



Section 11: Toxicological information

Product Information

11.1. Toxicological effects

LD50 Oral - rat - 4814 m/kg (OECD 401)

LD50 Dermal – rat - >7000 mg/kg (OECD 402)

LC50 Inhalation – rat – 31 mg/m3 (OECD 403)

11.2. Acute Toxicity

Skin Corrosion/irritation: Causes skin irritation (OECD 404 method). Rabbit, unpublished reports. pH: Not applicable

Serious eye damage/irritation: Causes serious eye irritation (OECD 405 method). Rabbit, unpublished reports. pH: Not applicable

Respiratory or skin sensitisation: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. (OECD 406 method). Guinea-pig, human data available. Unpublished reports

Germ cell mutagenicity: Not classified. Unpublished reports

Carcinogenicity: Not classified. Unpublished reports

Reproductive toxicity: Not classified. Unpublished reports

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure): May cause respiratory irritation. Unpublished reports

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure): Not classified. Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met

11.3. Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short- and long-term exposure

No information available

11.4. Numerical measures of toxicity (such as acute toxicity estimates)

No information available

11.5. Whether the hazardous chemical is listed in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens (latest edition) or has been found to be a potential carcinogen in the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs (latest edition), or by OSHA

Not listed



Section 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity to fish: static test LC50 – Brachydanio rerio – 72 mg/l – 96 h (EU C.1)

Toxicity to other aquatic organisms: static test LC50 – Chaetogrammarus marinus – 4 mg/l – 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia: static test EC50 – Daphnia magna – 27 mg/l – 48 h (EU C.2)

Toxicity to other aquatic organisms: static test EC50 – Desmodesmum subpicatus – 70 mg/l – 72 h (EU C.3)

Toxicity to fish: static test LC50 – Cyprinus carpio – 208 mg/l – 96 h (EU C.1)

Toxicity to other aquatic organisms: static test EC50 – Bacterie – 263 mg/l – 3h (OECD 209)

Toxicity to algae: static test EC50 – Desmodesmus subspicatus - >70 mg/l – 72 h (EU C.3)

Toxicity to daphnia: LOEC – Daphnia magna – 10 mg/l – 21 d (OECD 202)

Toxicity to daphnia: NOEC – Daphnia magna – 3mg/l – 21 d (OECD 202)

Toxicity to other aquatic organisms: static test NOEC – Desmodsesmus subpicatus – 4.4 mg/l – 72 h (EU C.3)

Additional information: low toxicity to aquatic organisms

Bioaccumulative potential: Not potentially bioaccumulable

Section 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations:

Discharging into rivers and drains is forbidden. Incinerate at a licensed installation. Disposal must be done according to official regulations.

Additional Information:

Uncleaned packaging. Empty the packaging completely prior to disposal. Incinerate at a licensed installation. Disposal must be done according to official regulations.

European List of Waste (LoW) code:

09 01 08 - other still bottoms and reaction residues



Section 14: Transport Information

| ADR | IMDG | IATA | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| UN number: 2290 | UN number: 2290 | UN number: 2290 | | |
| UN proper shipping name | | | | |
| ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE | ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE | ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE | | |
| Transport document description | | | | |
| UN 2290 ISOPHORONE | UN 2290 ISOPHORONE | | | |
| DIISOCYANATE 6.1. III. (E). | DIISOCYANATE 6.1. III. Marine | | | |
| Environmentally Hazardous | Pollutant/Environmentally | | | |
| | Hazardous | | | |
| Transport hazard class(es) | | | | |
| 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.1 | | |
| Packing Group | | | | |
| III | III | III | | |
| Environmental Hazards | | | | |
| Dangerous for the environment: | Dangerous for the environment: | Dangerous for the environment: | | |
| Yes | Yes | Yes | | |
| | Marine pollutant: Yes | | | |

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

Section 15: Regulatory Information

EU-Regulations:

No REACH Annex XVII restrictions
Isophorone Diisocyanate (IPDI) is not on the REACH Candidate List
Contains no substance on the REACH candidate list
Isophorone Diisocyanate (IPDI) is not on the REACH Annex XIV List
Contains no REACH Annex XIV substances

National Regulations:

No information available

Chemical Safety Assessment:

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out.