

# ACETIC ACID, GLACIAL

## Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name: Acetic acid (glacial) 100%  
CAS Number: 64-19-7  
EC Number: 200-580-7

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use: Laboratory chemicals, Industrial & for professional use only

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Company name:** East Harbour Group Ltd  
20 Clough Road, Severalls Industrial Park  
Colchester, Essex, CO4 9QS  
United Kingdom

**Telephone:** +44 (0) 333 242 0100  
**Email:** [info@eastharbourgroup.com](mailto:info@eastharbourgroup.com)

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone:** 0800 246 1274

## Section 2: Hazardous identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Flammable liquids (Category 3), H226

Skin corrosion (Sub-category 1A), H314

Serious eye damage (Category 1), H318

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

##### Pictogram



Signal Word

Danger

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## Hazard Statement(s)

H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

## Precautionary statement(s)

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Supplemental Hazard Statements	None

## Reduced Labelling (<= 125 ml)

### Pictogram Signal



## Word Danger Hazard statement(s)

H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
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## Precautionary statement(s)

P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Supplemental Hazard Statements	None

## 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

## Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

Formula : C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>O<sub>2</sub>

Molecular weight : 60.05 g/mol

CAS-No. : 64-19-7

EC-No. : 200-580-7

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Component	Classification	Concentration
acetic acid		
CAS-No. 64-19-7 EC-No. 200-580-7 Index-No. 607-002-00-6	Flam. Liq. 3; Skin Corr. 1A; Eye Dam. 1; H226, H314, H318 Concentration limits: >= 90 %: Skin Corr. 1A, H314; 25 - < 90 %: Skin Corr. 1B, H314; 10 - < 25 %: Skin Irrit. 2, H315; 10 - < 25 %: Eye Irrit. 2, H319; 10 - < 25 %: Eye Irrit. 2, H319; 10 - < 25 %: Skin Irrit. 2, H315; 25 - < 90 %: Skin Corr. 1B, H314; >= 90 %: Skin Corr. 1A, H314; >= 90 %: 3, H226;	<=100%

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this section, see section 16.

## Section 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### General advice

First aiders need to protect themselves. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Call in physician.

#### In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Call a physician immediately.

#### In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Immediately call-in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

#### If swallowed

After swallowing: make victim drink water (two glasses at most), avoid vomiting (risk of perforation). Call a physician immediately. Do not attempt to neutralise.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

## Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1 Fire Fighting Media and Instructions:

Suitable extinguishing media: Water Foam Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) Dry powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

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## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

Carbon oxides

Combustible.

Fire may cause evolution of: Acetic acid vapours.

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Forms explosive mixtures with air at elevated temperatures.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

## 5.4 Further information

Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

## Section 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapours, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. For personal protection see section 8.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up with liquid-absorbent and neutralising material. Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

## Section 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces, and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

#### Hygiene measures

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance. For precautions see section 2.2.

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## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

**Storage conditions** Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Recommended storage temperature, see product label.

### Storage class

Storage class (TRGS 510): 3: Flammable liquids

## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated.

## Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Component	CAS No	Control parameters	Value	Basis	
Acetic acid	64-19-7	TWA	10ppm 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Europe. Commission Directive 2017/164/EU establishing a fourth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values	
	Remarks	Indicative			
		STEL	20 ppm 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Europe. Commission Directive 2017/164/EU establishing a fourth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values	
		Indicative			
		STEL	20 ppm 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits	
		TWA	10 ppm 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits	

### 8.2 Exposure controls /

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection** Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Tightly fitting safety goggles.

**Skin protection** This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: [www.kcl.de](http://www.kcl.de)). Full contact Material: butyl-rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.7 mm

Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Butoject® (KCL 898)

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: [www.kcl.de](http://www.kcl.de)).

Splash contact

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Material: Latex gloves

Minimum layer thickness: 0.6 mm

Break through time: 30 min

Material tested: Lapren® (KCL 706 / Aldrich Z677558, Size M)

## Body Protection

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.

## Respiratory protection

Recommended Filter type: filter E-(P2)

The entrepreneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer. These measures have to be properly documented.

## Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

## Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid
Colour	colourless
Odour	stinging
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point: 16.64 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range	117.9 °C at 1,013.25 hPa
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Upper explosion limit: 19.9 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 4 %(V)
Flash point	39 °C - closed cup
Autoignition temperature	463 °C
Decomposition temperature	Distillable in an undecomposed state at normal pressure.
pH	2.5 at 50 g/l at 20 °C
Viscosity	Viscosity, kinematic: 1.17 mm <sup>2</sup> /s at 20 °C Viscosity, dynamic: 1.05 mPa.s at 25 °C
Water solubility	602.9 g/l at 25 °C at 1,013 hPa - completely soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	log Pow: -0.17 at 25 °C - Bioaccumulation is not expected., (ECHA)
Vapour pressure	20.79 hPa at 25 °C
Density	1.04 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 25 °C
Relative density	No data available
Relative vapor density	No data available
Particle characteristics	No data available
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	none

### 9.2 Other safety information

Surface tension 28.8 mN/m at 10.0 °C

Relative vapor density 2.07

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## Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

Vapor/air-mixtures are explosive at intense warming.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

#### Risk of explosion with:

- peroxy compounds
- perchloric acid
- fuming sulfuric acid
- phosphorus halides
- hydrogen peroxide
- chromium(VI) oxide
- potassium permanganate

Peroxides

Strong oxidizing agents

#### Risk of ignition or formation of inflammable gases or vapours with:

- Iron
- Zinc
- magnesium
- Mild steel

#### Possible formation of:

Hydrogen

#### Violent reactions possible with:

- strong alkalis
- Aldehydes
- alkali hydroxides
- non-metallic halides
- ethanolamine
- Acetaldehyde
- Alcohols
- halogen-halogen compounds
- chlorosulfonic acid
- chromosulfuric acid
- Potassium hydroxide
- Nitric acid

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid.

Heating.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials.

various metals

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## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5.

## Section 11: Toxicological Information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - 3,310 mg/kg

Remarks: (RTECS)

LC50 Inhalation - Mouse - 4 h - 2,819 mg/l - vapor

Remarks: (RTECS)

Dermal: No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: Causes burns. - 4 h (OECD Test Guideline 404)

Remarks: (IUCLID)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: Causes burns. - 4 h (OECD Test Guideline 405)

Remarks: (IUCLID)

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: *Salmonella typhimurium*

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Mutagenicity (mammal cell test): chromosome aberration.

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Rat Cell type: Bone marrow

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Method: Mutagenicity (micronucleus test)

Result: negative

**Carcinogenicity** No data available

**Reproductive toxicity** No data available

**Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure** No data available

**Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure** No data available

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**Aspiration hazard** No data available.

## 11.2 Additional Information

Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin., spasm, inflammation and edema of the larynx, spasm, inflammation and edema of the bronchi, pneumonitis, pulmonary edema, burning sensation, Cough, wheezing, laryngitis, Shortness of breath, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, Ingestion, or inhalation of concentrated acetic acid causes damage to tissues of the respiratory and digestive tracts. Symptoms include: hematemesis, bloody diarrhoea, edema and/or perforation of the oesophagus and pylorus, pancreatitis, haematuria, anuria, uraemia, albuminuria, haemolysis, convulsions, bronchitis, pulmonary edema, pneumonia, cardiovascular collapse, shock, and death. Direct contact or exposure to high concentrations of vapor with skin or eyes can cause: erythema, blisters, tissue destruction with slow healing, skin blackening, hyperkeratosis, fissures, corneal erosion, opacification, iritis, conjunctivitis, and possible blindness. To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

## Section 12: Ecological Information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish

semi-static test LC50 - *Oncorhynchus mykiss* (rainbow trout) - > 1,000 mg/l - 96 h (OECD Test Guideline 203)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

static test EC50 - *Daphnia magna* (Water flea) - > 1,000 mg/l - 48 h (OECD Test Guideline 202)

Toxicity to algae

static test EC50 - *Skeletonema costatum* - > 1,000 mg/l - 72 h (ISO 10253)

Toxicity to bacteria

EC5 - *Pseudomonas putida* - 2,850 mg/l - 16 h Remarks: neutral (maximum permissible toxic concentration)

(Lit.) microtox test EC50 - *Photobacterium phosphoreum* - 11 mg/l - 15 min Remarks: (IUCLID)

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability

Result: 99 % - Readily biodegradable. (OECD Test Guideline 301D) Remarks: (HSDB) Result: 95 % - Readily eliminated from water (OECD Test Guideline 302B)

Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)

880 mg/g Remarks: (Lit.)

Ratio BOD/ThBOD

76 % Remarks: (IUCLID)

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

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## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available

## 12.7 Other adverse effects

Biological effects: Harmful effect due to pH shift.  
Caustic even in diluted form.  
Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

## Section 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Notice Directive on waste 2008/98/EC. Waste material must be disposed of in accordance with the national and local regulations. Leave chemicals in original containers. No mixing with other waste. Handle uncleaned containers like the product itself. See [www.retrologistik.com](http://www.retrologistik.com) for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

## Section 14: Transport Information

### 14.1 UN number

ADR/RID: 2789 IMDG: 2789 IATA: 2789

### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: ACETIC ACID, GLACIAL

IMDG: ACETIC ACID, GLACIAL

IATA: Acetic acid, glacial

### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 8 (3) IMDG: 8 (3) IATA: 8 (3)

### 14.4 Packaging group

ADR/RID: II IMDG: II IATA: II

### 14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

No data available

# ACETIC ACID, GLACIAL

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

## Section 15: Regulatory Information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This material safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

#### National legislation

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances. : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

**Other regulations** Take note of Dir 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work.

### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

## Section 16: Other Information

### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Further information

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product.